

## SAWYER CHASSIS BASIC SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

### Before starting you will need to gather a few items, which are necessary to setup your Sawyer Chassis:

- ✓ A set of reliable scales
- ✓ A clean, LEVEL, floor. Try to place the scales in the same spot on the floor each time you setup your car for consistency. Also, mark the scales according to which wheel they will be used on and use them on the same wheel each time you use them.
- ✓ Two Sawyer setup blocks (wood blocks will work), one measuring 3-11/16" tall and one measuring 2-3/4" tall
- $\checkmark$  A ½" wrench to adjust the torsion bars with.
- ✓ The driver of the car or enough ballast to duplicate the weight of the driver.

### Now that you've gathered the necessary tools you'll need to do some preparation to the car.

- The amount of stagger required for a typical Feature at your home track needs to be put on the car.
  - Heavy or Tacky tracks = 9-1/2" to 11"
  - Slick or Dry tracks = 7-1/2" to 9"
- The air pressure needs to be set in the tires. Typical settings are as follows:

LF: 6PSI RF: 8PSI
 LR: 4PSI RR: 6PSI

The fuel needs to be set at approximately 3 gallons.

# After you have gathered the tools needed and have prepared the car with the correct stagger, tire pressure and fuel level, you are ready to begin the basic setup process.

- 1) Place the car on the scales and be sure to center each wheel on the scales.
- Disconnect the rear shocks from the torsion arms in order to allow the torsion bars to support the weight of the car.
- Allow the driver to get into the car, being careful not to let the car roll off of the scales or become uncentered.
- 4) Now you'll need the 3-11/16" block and the ½" wrench you were asked to get earlier. You need to get the 3-11/16" block to slide between the rear axle and the bottom frame rail. To do this, use the ½" wrench to adjust the torsion stops until the block slides between, as mentioned above. Keep in mind, the block needs to slide between the axle and frame ON BOTH SIDES.
- 5) After you've completed step 4 and the rear of the car is blocked at 3-11/16", get your 2-3/4" block and go to the right front wheel of the car. Just like in the rear, this 2-3/4" block needs to fit snuggly between the front axle and the bottom frame rail on the right front of the car. To do this, simply raise or lower the car using the coil adjuster on the right front shock until the 2-3/4" block slides as mentioned above.
  - ❖ HIGHLIGHT: It is very likely that after you get the 2-3/4" block to fit under the right front, the rear of the car will need to be adjusted again in order for the 3-11/16" blocks to fit correctly. It is very important that both blocks fit in their designated areas before moving on.



- 6) Now it's time to read the scales. What you're trying to get to is 50/50 cross weight. You get this when the weight of the right rear (RR) + left front (LF) is equal to the weight of the left rear (LR) + right front (RF).
  - For example:

$$LF = 180 \text{ lbs.}$$
  $RF = 120 \text{ lbs.}$   $LR = 250 \text{ lbs.}$   $RR = 210 \text{ lbs.}$ 

- $\triangleright$  LR + RF = 370 lbs. This is the amount of "LEFT BIAS" you have.
- Arr RR + LF = 390 lbs. This is the amount of "RIGHT BIAS" you have.
- So, according to these weights we have a total of 20 pounds of 'RIGHT BIAS" weight in the car. We want these weights to be equal if possible so we need to adjust this 20 pounds of "RIGHT BIAS" out of the car.
- 7) In order to adjust this weight out and get to 50/50 cross weight, you need to go to the left front shock of the car. By adjusting the coil adjuster on the left front shock you can either add or take away 'RIGHT BIAS' weight.
  - To add "RIGHT BIAS", add turns into the coil adjuster.
  - To take away "RIGHT BIAS", remove turns from the coil adjuster.
  - ❖ In this example, since we have too much "RIGHT BIAS". In the car, we need to turn the left front coil adjuster counterclockwise. How much adjustment is needed will be different from car to car.
  - Typically 1 turn equals 1% on scales.
- 8) After you make the appropriate adjustments to the left front shock coil, to get the correct cross weight, repeat steps 4 & 5 until both blocks fit in the appropriate places, then check the scales again to see if the adjustments you made in step 7 got you to your target of 50/50 cross weight.

Initially, it may be necessary to repeat steps 4 through 7 several times in order to get your car setup correctly. However, after you become more familiar with this process and do it a few times, it will become much easier and should not take more than 15 minutes to do.

Hopefully this will be a helpful guide that will give you a better idea about how to prepare your Sawyer Chassis to go to the race track. Remember that no matter what shocks, springs, torsion bars, or tires you choose to run, follow these steps when setting up your Sawyer Chassis.

If you have any questions regarding these procedures or are unclear as to what we mean in some of the steps, please call Monday through Thursday from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., CST.

### **Suggestions**

This is also a good time to troubleshoot your car. A few things to look for are:

- Bent shocks take shocks off and move by hand to see if they operate smoothly.
- Steering shaft make sure the shaft is telescoping in and out properly and is not bound up.
- Rod ends check all rod ends looking for bent ones or for loose jam nuts.
- Nuts & Bolts wrench on ALL nuts and bolts to make sure you don't have anything loose.

Sawyer Chassis now sells digital scales for use in setting up your car as described above. Take the guesswork out of your chassis setup and know exactly what weight you have, and where. A great investment if you want to go fast. Call for pricing, 918-258-2944.

# Instructions for adjusting E-model eye on 2014 Sawyer Micro-sprint shocks

## Adjusting

Dampening of the shock can be adjusted by turning the detent wheel to any location on the 9 position adjusting range. To increase the dampening, turn the wheel clockwise and to decrease dampening turn counter-clockwise. Initially start adjusting wheel from the full clockwise position (full stiff) and then turn wheel to the desired shock dampening position. A small setscrew in the detent wheel creates a stop for full stiff and full soft position. This setscrew must not be removed at any time.

### Setting Gas Pressure in Shocks

Gas pressure is to be set with shock fully extended.

The shock is pressurized through the Schrader valve on the shock by using the A.R.S. #40887 inflation tool that screws on the Schrader valve of the shock with a special fitting.

- 1. Back the Wing Nut off all the way (counter-clockwise) on the Pressurizing Tool before screwing it on to the Schrader Valve of the shock.
- 2. Tighten the Hex Nut Coupler on to the Schrader Valve. Do not over tighten and damage valve or tool.
- 3. Screw Wing Nut all the way clockwise so it pierces the valve core of the Schrader Valve on the shock.
- 4. Pressurize the shock to your desired pressure through the valve stem on the tool using Nitrogen Gas Only.
- 5. After the gas pressure is set in the shock, back the Wing Nut all the way out, (counter-clockwise) so the valve core is seated in valve stem of the shock.
- 6. Put an open-end wrench on the Hex nut of the Schrader Valve to insure that it does not loosen out of the shock when removing the Pressurizing Tool from the shock.

\*\*\*\* You will hear gas pressure escape when you remove the tool from the shock. If the wing nut was backed off before removing the hex nut from Schrader Valve this gas you hear is only gas stored in the line of the tool.

### Tuning the Gas Pressure

The nitrogen gas pressure in the 3200 series mono-tube shock is required at all times in the shock to make it function properly under racing conditions. The gas pressure in the shock can be adjusted to accommodate various racetrack conditions.

Decreasing the pressure in the <u>rear shocks</u> allows for more weight transfer to the rear suspension and provides for <u>more traction on the rear tires</u>. Increasing the gas pressure in the rear shocks can loosen or free the chassis up throughout the corner of the race track.

The nitrogen gas pressure in this shock can be adjusted from 5 p.s.i. to 30 p.s.i. to accommodate various race conditions.

Left F	ront (1	lOpsi.)						
Coun	ter-clock	cwise <-					> Clock	wise
FULL SO	FT						FU	LL STIFF
POSITION #1	POSITION #2	POSITION #3	POSITION #4	POSITION #5	POSITION #6	POSITION #7	POSITION #8	POSITION #9
		Dry Slick		Average	Heavy			
Right 1		_						
Coun	ter-clock	cwise <-					> Clock	wise
FULL SO	FT						FU	LL STIFF
POSITION #1	POSITION #2	POSITION #3	POSITION #4	POSITION #5	POSITION #6	POSITION #7	POSITION #8	POSITION #9
		Dry Slick		Average	Heavy			
Coun-	ter-clock	_					> Clock FU	wise
POSITION #1	POSITION #2	POSITION #3	POSITION #4	POSITION #5	POSITION #6	POSITION #7	POSITION #8	POSITION #9
				Heavy		Average	Dry Slick	
Right 1		cwise <-					> Clock	wise
FULL SO	POSITION	POSITION	POSITION	POSITION	POSITION	POSITION		LL STIFF POSITION
#1	#2 Heavy	#3	#4	#5 Average	#6	#7 Dry Slick	#8	#9
	20 psi.			15 psi.		10 psi.		

# Sawyer Chassis Track Sheets

Track & Size:		Track City & Stat	
Air Temp:	ADR:		
HEAT RACE		High Speed FEATURE RA	
Fuel Start:	Fuel End:	_ Fuel Start:	Fuel End:
Gear:	_	Gear:	_
Tire Compound:		Tire Compound:	
Right Rear Spacin	g:	Right Rear Spac	cing:
PRE	SSURE Right Rear	PR Left Rear	RESSURE Right Rear
	<b>SIZE</b> Right Rear		<b>RE SIZE</b> Right Rear
Stagger:		Stagger:	
TUR	NS IN CAR	TU	RNS IN CAR
Left Front	Right Front	Left Front	Right Front
Left Rear	Right Rear	Left Rear	Right Rear
SPR	ING/BAR		PRING/BAR
Left Front	Right Front	Left Front	Right Front
Left Rear	Right Rear	Left Rear	Right Rear
Start Pos: NOTES:	Finish Pos:	Start Pos:	Finish Pos:

# Engler Fuel Injection Data Record

TRACK DATE

	AIR DENSITY	READINGS	
ADR %	ADR FT	ADR %	ADR FT
DII I SI7E	/PSI. START	PILL SIZE	E/DSI START
I ILL SIZL	I SI. START	TILL SIZE	II SI. STANT
STUMBLE	PSI.	STUMBLE	PSI.
MAIN	PSI.	MAIN	PSI
HIGH SPEED	PSI.	HIGH SPEED	PSI
LAI	MBDA	LA	MBDA
R	PDM		PDM
, ,	101		XF IVI
MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
0-7200	STUMBLE	0-7200	STUMBLE
8000-16500	MAIN	8000-16500	MAIN
12000-16500	HIGH SPEED	12000-16500	HIGH SPEED

# Torsion Bar Spring Rates

		Left Arn	n Length	Right Arı	m Length
S	Bar	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
Ö	Size	Hole	Hole	Hole	Hole
OLID	650	69.27	83.09	83.09	101.50
	675	80.55	96.63	96.63	118.00
34	700	93.17	111.18	111.18	136.50
BARS	725	107.2	128.60	128.60	157.10
	750	122.8	147.30	147.30	179.90

+		Left Arn	n Length	Right Arı	m Length
$\Rightarrow$	Bar	Front	Rear	Front	Rear
$\geq$	Size	Hole	Hole	Hole	Hole
HOLLC	650	69.27	83.09	83.09	101.50
MO	675	80.55	96.63	96.63	118.00
_	700	93.17	111.18	111.18	136.50
BARS	725	107.2	128.60	128.60	157.10
S	750	122.8	147.30	147.30	179.90



### How long do torsion bars last?

That depends on the application and how much the bars are twisted. Bars will start to lose performance as they deteriorate. The car might lose some ride height. On most dirt applications bars will usually last 15-20 races while pavement applications will last several seasons, since they don't twist as far.

Can I twist a torsion bar one way then turn it around and twist it the other way?

It is not recommended, but it can be done. Typically a bar will take a set in the direction of twist. When you turn it around, it will unwind and take a set in the other direction.

How come my hollow torsion bars say one size, but when I measure it the size is bigger than the size stamped on the end of the bar?

Bars are always rated at what spring rate would be if it was a solid bar. The diameter on hollow bars has to be increased to achieve the same spring rate as a solid bar.

### Which bars are better, solid or hollow?

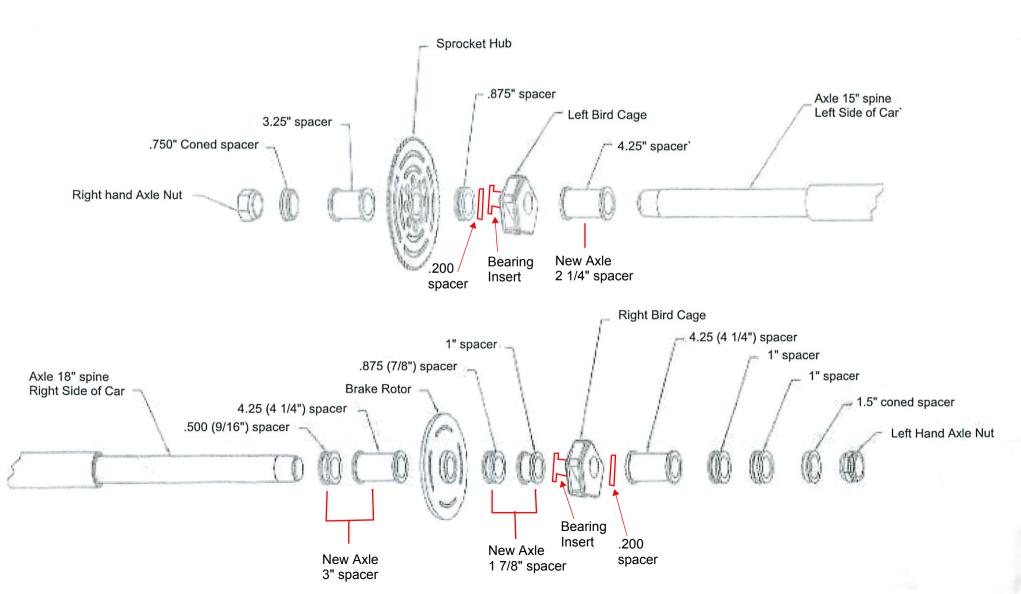
It depends on the application. Solid bars hold up better under extreme travel conditions. Hollow bars react faster, which makes them superior on certain track conditions.

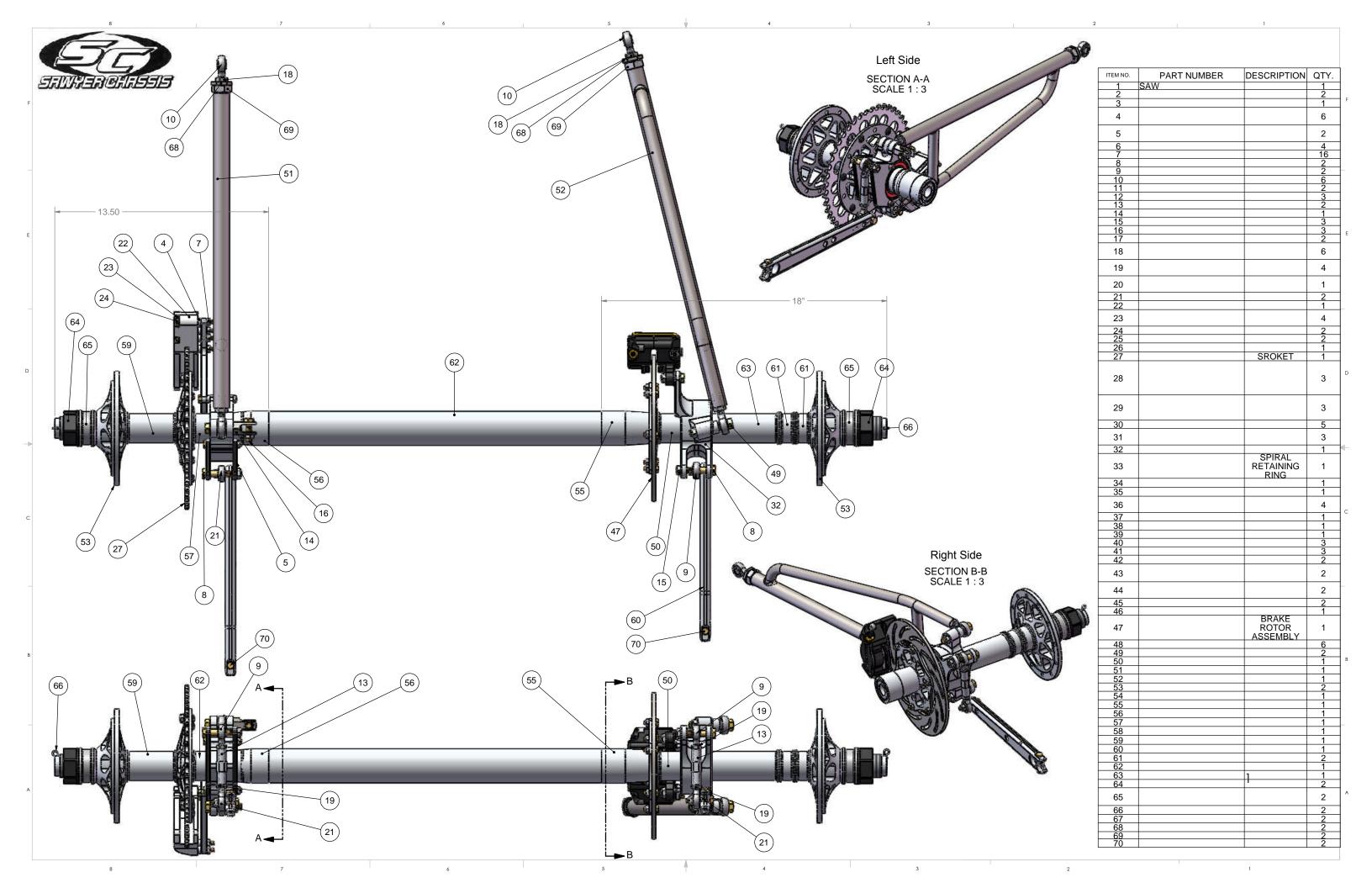
### What's the difference between hollow bars and gundrilled bars?

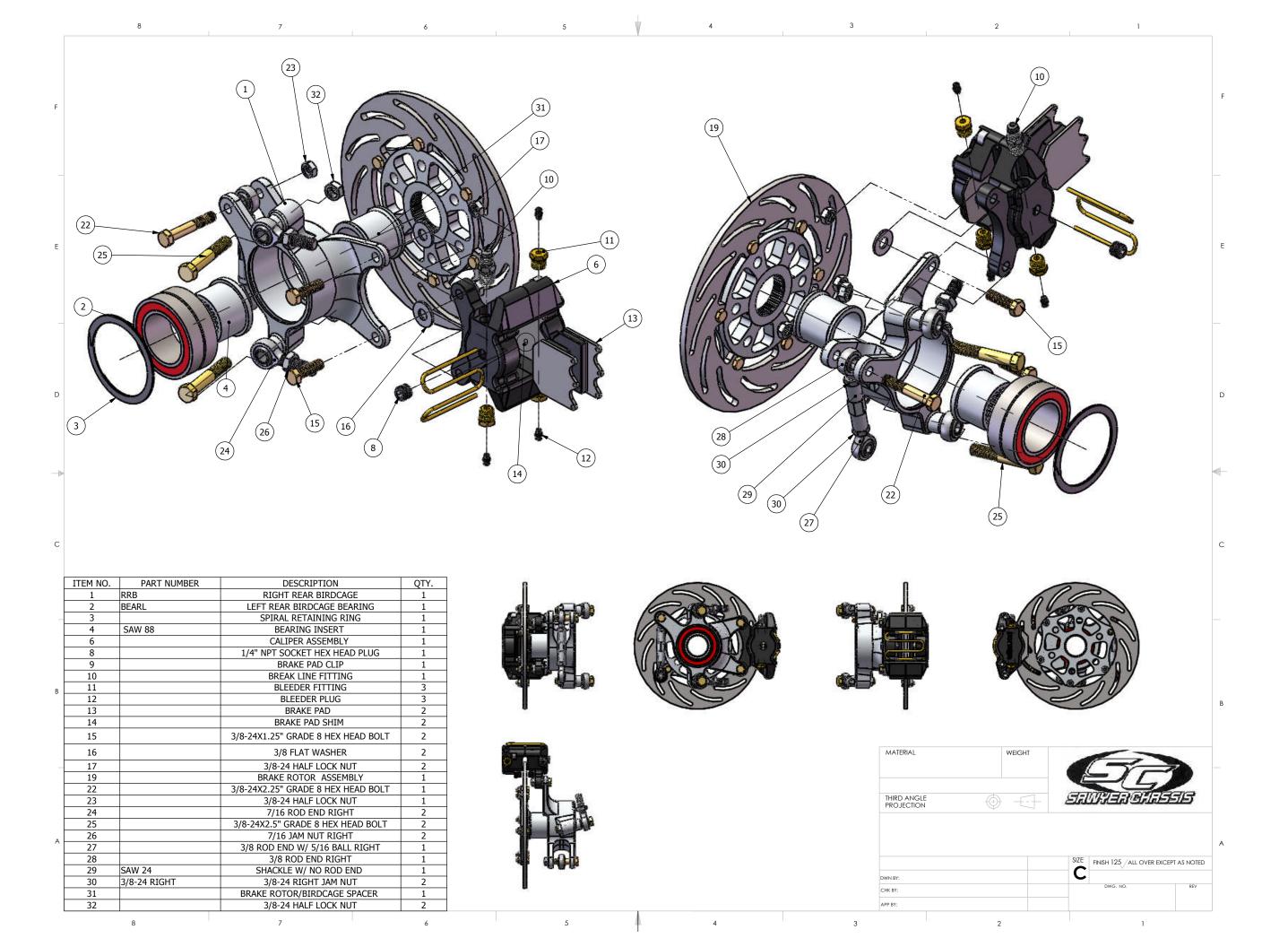
Gundrilled bars are made of a different material than tubing bars. This will allow the bar to twist more and last longer than tubular bars.

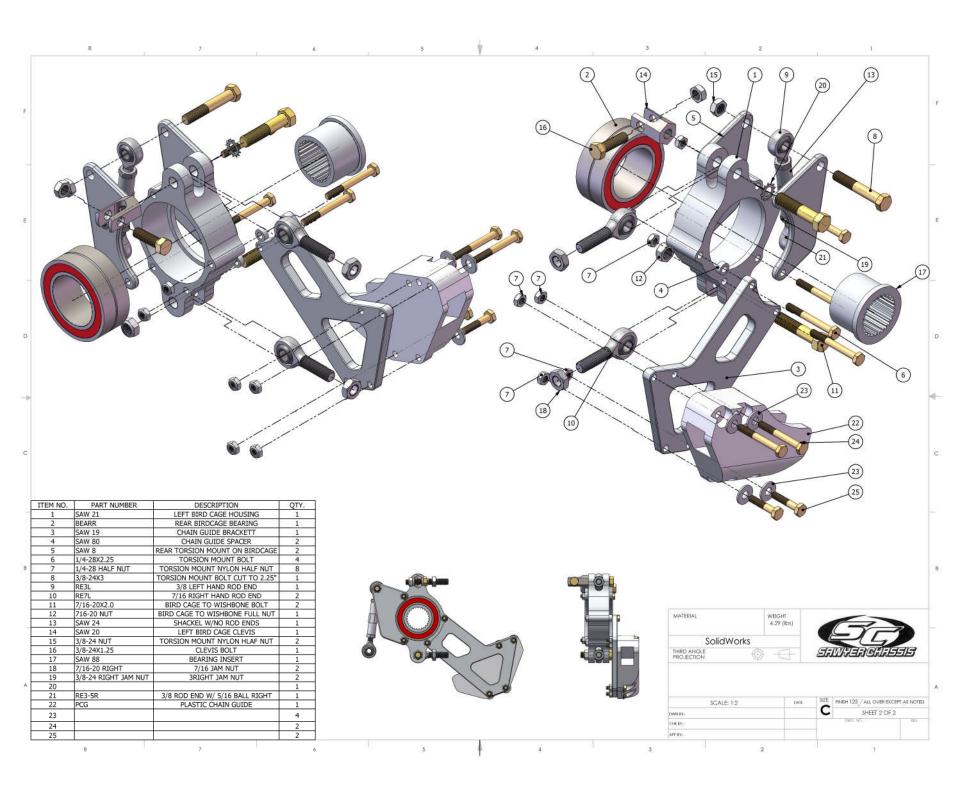












# Suzuki 06-10 GSX-R 600

	FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
	11	45	16.58	13.84	12.11
		46	16.95	14.15	12.38
S		47	17.32	14.46	12.65
~		48	17.68	14.76	12.92
		49	18.05	15.07	13.19
N		50	18.42	15.38	13.46
		51	18.79	15.69	13.73
7		52	19.16	15.99	14.00
		53	19.53	16.30	14.27
	•				

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**RATIOS** 

1.714

FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
14	45	13.03	10.88	9.52
	46	13.32	11.12	9.73
	47	13.61	11.36	9.94
	48	13.89	11.60	10.15
	49	14.18	11.84	10.36
	50	14.47	12.08	10.58
	51	14.76	12.33	10.79
	52	15.05	12.57	11.00
	53	15.34	12.81	11.21

12	45	15.20	12.69	11.10
-	46	15.54	12.97	11.35
	47	15.87	13.25	11.60
	48	16.21	13.53	11.84
	49	16.55	13.82	12.09
	50	16.89	14.10	12.34
	51	17.22	14.38	12.58
	52	17.56	14.66	12.83
	53	17.90	14.94	13.08

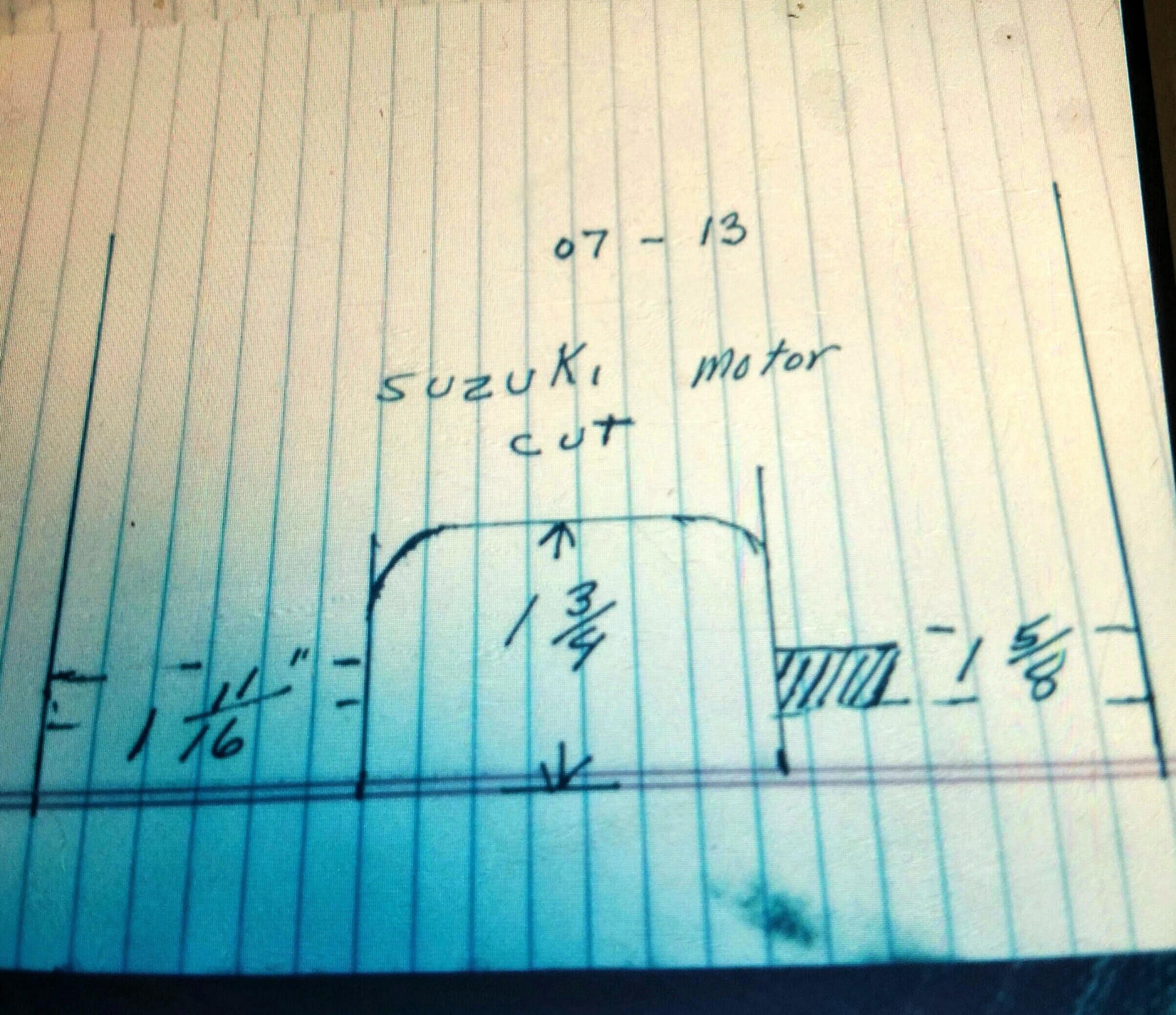
15	45	12.16	10.15	8.88
	46	12.43	10.38	9.08
	47	12.70	10.60	9.28
	48	12.97	10.83	9.48
	49	13.24	11.05	9.67
	50	13.51	11.28	9.87
	51	13.78	11.50	10.07
	52	14.05	11.73	10.26
	53	14.32	11.95	10.46

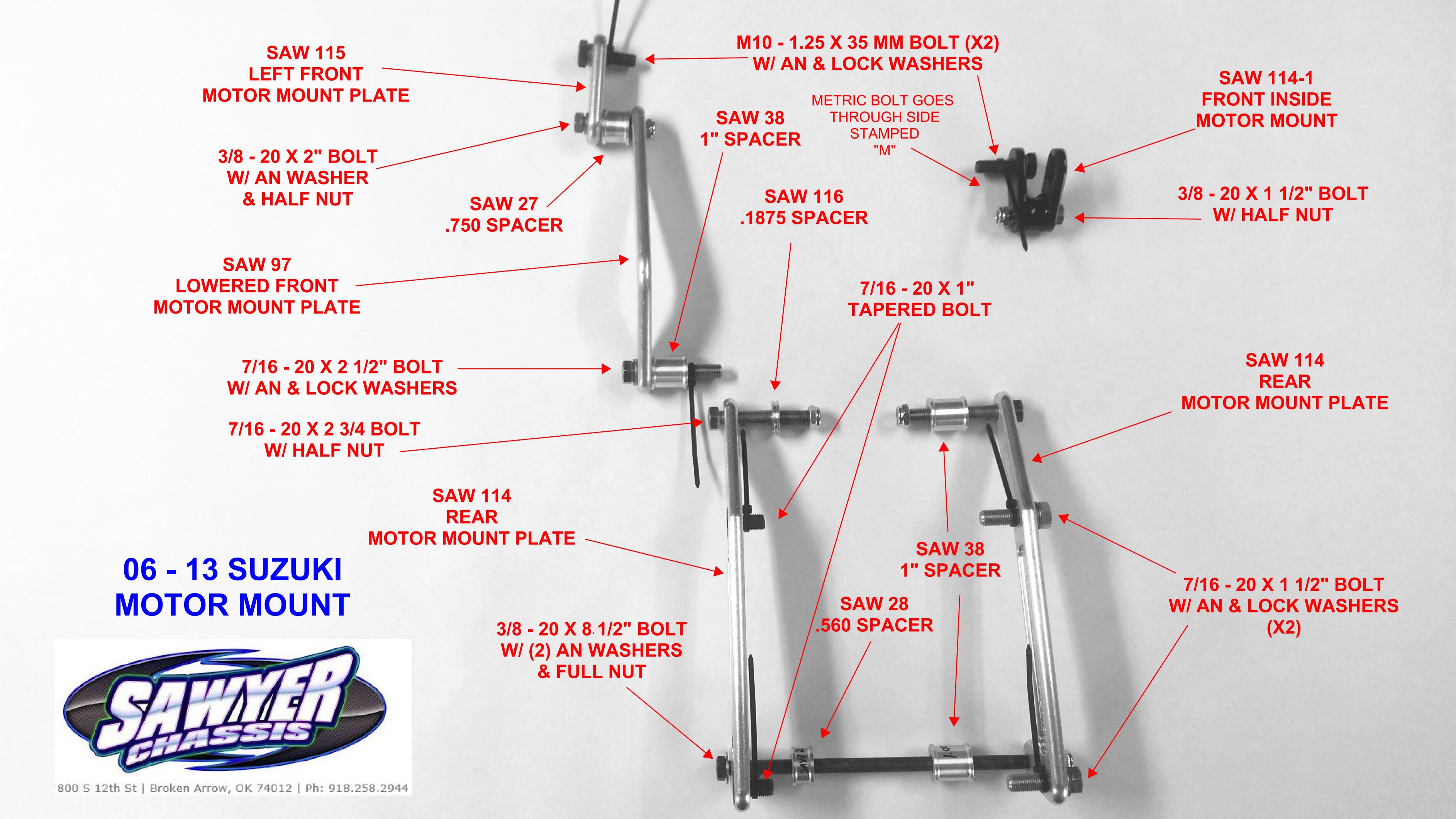
13	45	14.03	11.71	10.25
	46	14.34	11.97	10.48
	47	14.65	12.23	10.71
	48	14.96	12.49	10.93
	49	15.28	12.75	11.16
	50	15.59	13.01	11.39
	51	15.90	13.27	11.62
	52	16.21	13.53	11.84
	53	16.52	13.79	12.07

16	45	11.40	9.52	8.33
	46	11.65	9.73	8.51
	47	11.90	9.94	8.70
	48	12.16	10.15	8.88
	49	12.41	10.36	9.07
	50	12.66	10.57	9.25
	51	12.92	10.78	9.44
	52	13.17	11.00	9.62
	53	13.42	11.21	9.81



# SUZUKI GSX-R 2006-2010





# YAMAHA R6 1999-2005

1.333

1.556

FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
11	45	15.57	12.44	10.66
	46	15.92	12.72	10.90
	47	16.26	13.00	11.13
	48	16.61	13.27	11.37
	49	16.96	13.55	11.61
	50	17.30	13.83	11.85
	51	17.65	14.10	12.08
	52	17.99	14.38	12.32
	53	18.34	14.66	12.56

1.947

**RATIOS** 

1.955

FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
14	45	12.23	9.78	8.38
	46	12.51	10.00	8.56
	47	12.78	10.21	8.75
	48	13.05	10.43	8.93
	49	13.32	10.65	9.12
	50	13.59	10.86	9.31
	51	13.87	11.08	9.49
	52	14.14	11.30	9.68
	53	14.41	11.52	9.87

12	45	14.27	11.41	9.77
	46	14.59	11.66	9.99
	47	14.91	11.91	10.21
	48	15.23	12.17	10.42
	49	15.54	12.42	10.64
	50	15.86	12.67	10.86
	51	16.18	12.93	11.08
	52	16.49	13.18	11.29
	53	16.81	13.44	11.51

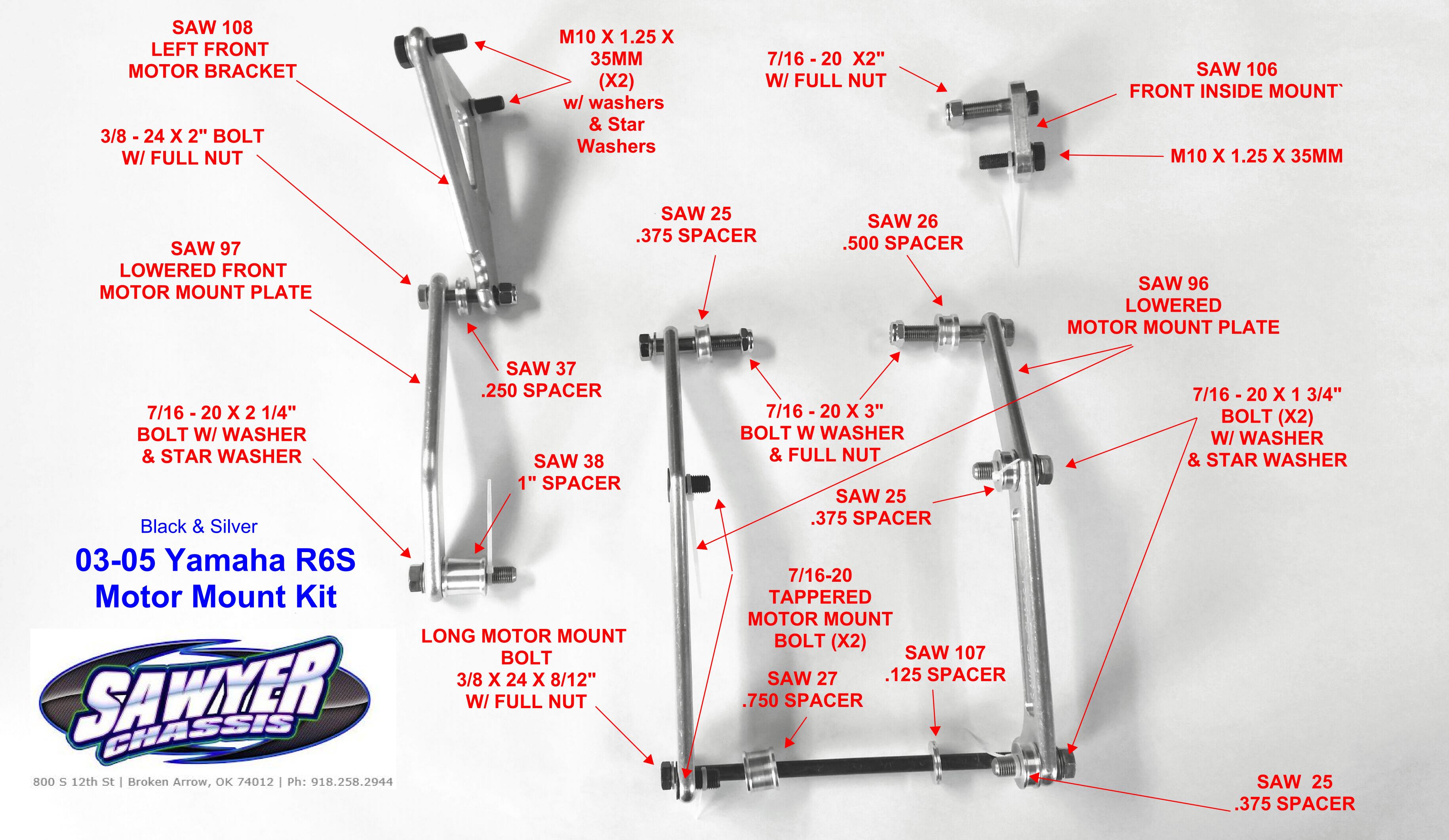
15	45	11.42	9.13	7.82
-	46	11.67	9.33	7.99
	47	11.93	9.53	8.17
	48	12.18	9.73	8.34
	49	12.43	9.94	8.51
	50	12.69	10.14	8.69
	51	12.94	10.34	8.86
	52	13.20	10.55	9.03
	53	13.45	10.75	9.21

13	45	13.18	10.53	9.02
	46	13.47	10.76	9.22
	47	13.76	11.00	9.42
	48	14.05	11.23	9.62
	49	14.35	11.47	9.82
	50	14.64	11.70	10.02
	51	14.93	11.93	10.22
	52	15.23	12.17	10.42
	53	15 52	12 40	10.62

16	45	10.71	8.56	7.33
	46	10.94	8.75	7.49
	47	11.18	8.94	7.66
	48	11.42	9.13	7.82
	49	11.66	9.32	7.98
	50	11.89	9.51	8.14
	51	12.13	9.70	8.31
	52	12.37	9.89	8.47
	53	12.61	10.08	8.63



# YAMAHA R6 1999-2005



# YAMAHA R6 2006-2009

FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
11	45	16.96	14.14	12.25
	46	17.34	14.45	12.52
	47	17.71	14.77	12.79
	48	18.09	15.08	13.06
	49	18.47	15.39	13.33
	50	18.85	15.71	13.61
	51	19.22	16.02	13.88
	52	19.60	16.34	14.15
	53	19.98	16.65	14.42

2.000

1.667

2.073

**RATIOS** 

FRONT	REAR	2ND	3RD	4TH
14	45	13.33	11.11	9.62
	46	13.62	11.35	9.84
	47	13.92	11.60	10.05
	48	14.21	11.85	10.26
	49	14.51	12.09	10.48
	50	14.81	12.34	10.69
	51	15.10	12.59	10.90
	52	<i>15.40</i>	12.84	11.12
	53	15.70	13.08	11.33

12	45	15.55	12.96	11.23
	46	15.89	13.25	11.47
	47	16.24	13.53	11.72
	48	16.58	13.82	11.97
	49	16.93	14.11	12.22
	50	17.28	14.40	12.47
	51	17.62	14.69	12.72
	52	17.97	14.97	12.97
	53	18.31	15.26	13.22

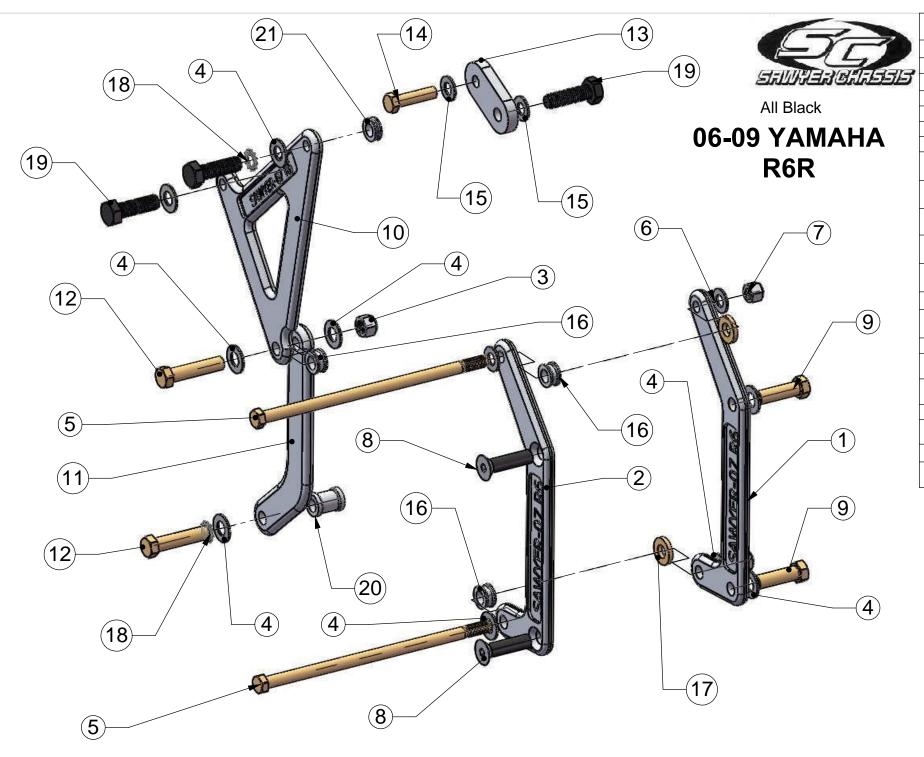
15	45	12.44	10.37	8.98
-	46	12.71	10.60	9.18
	47	12.99	10.83	9.38
	48	13.27	11.06	9.58
	49	13.54	11.29	9.78
	50	13.82	11.52	9.98
	51	14.10	11.75	10.18
	52	14.37	11.98	10.38
	53	14.65	12.21	10.58

13	45	14.35	11.96	10.36
	46	14.67	12.23	10.59
	47	14.99	12.49	10.82
	48	15.31	12.76	11.05
	49	15.63	13.03	11.28
	50	15.95	13.29	11.51
	51	16.27	13.56	11.74
	52	16.58	13.82	11.97
	53	16 90	14 00	12 20

16	45	11.66	9.72	8.42
	46	11.92	9.94	8.61
	47	12.18	10.15	8.79
	48	12.44	10.37	8.98
	49	12.70	10.58	9.17
	50	12.96	10.80	9.35
	51	13.22	11.02	9.54
	52	13.47	11.23	9.73
	53	13.73	11.45	9.92



# YAMAHA R6 2006-2009



1       SAW 98       Rear Motor Mount (right)         2       SAW 98       Rear Motor Mount (left)         3       7/16-20 Lock nut         4       7/16 Flat Washer         5       3/8-24 x 8.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         6       3/8 Flat Washer         7       3/8-24 Lock Nut         8       M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt         9       7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         10       SAW 99       front Motor Mount (top left)         11       SAW 97       front Motor Mount (bottom left)         12       7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt         13       SAW 106       front Motor Mount (right)         14       3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	1 1 2
2       SAW 98       Rear Motor Mount (left)         3       7/16-20 Lock nut         4       7/16 Flat Washer         5       3/8-24 x 8.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         6       3/8 Flat Washer         7       3/8-24 Lock Nut         8       M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt         9       7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         10       SAW 99       front Motor Mount (top left)         11       SAW 97       front Motor Mount (bottom left)         12       7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt         13       SAW 106       front Motor Mount (right)         14       3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	-
7/16 Flat Washer 3/8-24 x 8.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt 3/8 Flat Washer 7 3/8-24 Lock Nut  8 M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt 7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt  10 SAW 99 front Motor Mount (top left)  11 SAW 97 front Motor Mount (bottom left)  12 7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt  13 SAW 106 front Motor Mount (right)  14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
5       3/8-24 x 8.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         6       3/8 Flat Washer         7       3/8-24 Lock Nut         8       M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt         9       7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         10       SAW 99       front Motor Mount (top left)         11       SAW 97       front Motor Mount (bottom left)         12       7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt         13       SAW 106       front Motor Mount (right)         14       3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
6       3/8 Flat Washer         7       3/8-24 Lock Nut         8       M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt         9       7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         10       SAW 99         front Motor Mount (top left)         11       SAW 97         front Motor Mount (bottom left)         12       7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt         13       SAW 106         front Motor Mount (right)         14       3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	9
7       3/8-24 Lock Nut         8       M10 7/16-20 X 1" Tapered Bolt         9       7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt         10       SAW 99       front Motor Mount (top left)         11       SAW 97       front Motor Mount (bottom left)         12       7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt         13       SAW 106       front Motor Mount (right)         14       3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
8	2
9 7/16-20X1.5" Grade 8 Hex Bolt  10 SAW 99 front Motor Mount (top left)  11 SAW 97 front Motor Mount (bottom left)  12 7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt  13 SAW 106 front Motor Mount (right)  14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	1
10 SAW 99 front Motor Mount (top left)  11 SAW 97 front Motor Mount (bottom left)  12 7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt  13 SAW 106 front Motor Mount (right)  14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
11     SAW 97     front Motor Mount (bottom left)       12     7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt       13     SAW 106     front Motor Mount (right)       14     3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
12 7/16-20-1.75" Grade * Hex Bolt  13 SAW 106 front Motor Mount (right)  14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	1
13 SAW 106 front Motor Mount (right) 14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	1
14 3/8-24 x 1" Grade 8 Hex Bolt	2
	1
	1
15 3/8 Flat Washer	2
16 SAW 25 .375" Spacer	3
17 7/16 x .1" Washer	3
18 7/16 Star Lock Washer	2
19 10MM-1.5MM x 35MM	3
20 SAW 38 1" Spacer	1
21 SAW 37 .25" Spacer	1

